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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/680,054	10/05/2000	Shinji Nakamura	0819-430	7323

7590 06/05/2003

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EXAMINER

KEBEDE, BROOK

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2823

DATE MAILED: 06/05/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

# Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/680,054

Applicant(s)

NAKAMURA ET AL.

Examiner

Brook Kebede

Art Unit

2823

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

## Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

## Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 April 2003.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

## Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 17-29 and 44-60 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 17-29 and 44-60 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

## Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

## Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

## Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_.

### DETAILED ACTION

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on April 28, 2003 has been entered.

### *Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102*

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

3. Claims 17-29 and 44-60 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Tsuda et al. (US/6,335,546).

Re claims 17 and 18, Tsuda et al. disclose a method for the manufacture of a semiconductor device comprising: a step of preparing a substrate (i.e. sapphire substrate) (400) in which a surface (i.e. GaN) therefore is formed a depression (403) having triangle or hexagonal figure (see Fig. 9D) when viewed from the substrate normal; and a step of forming on said surface of said substrate a semiconductor layer having a hexagonal crystal structure, whereby said depression is filled by said semiconductor layer (405) wherein said depression forming step is performed such that an inside face of said depression is defined by either a plane having a

Art Unit: 2823

plane orientation of  $(1, -1, 0, n)$  wherein said number  $n$  is an arbitrary number other than 0, or its equivalent plane (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 19, as applied to claim 18 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said depression forming step is performed such that an inside face of said depression is defined by either a plane having a plane orientation of  $(1, -1, 0, 1)$  or its equivalent plane (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 20, as applied to claim 19 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said depression forming step includes step of forming on said major surface of said substrate defined by a  $(0, 0, 0, 1)$  plane a depression having a bottom face whose figure is either an equilateral triangle or an equilateral hexagon (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 21, as applied to claim 17 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said semiconductor layer forming step is the step of forming a semiconductor layer in which an inside face of said depression serves as a crystal growth surface (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 22, as applied to claim 21 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said semiconductor layer forming step includes a step in which said semiconductor layer crystal grows in a vertical direction from said inside face of said depression (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 23, as applied to claim 18 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said semiconductor layer forming step is the step of

Art Unit: 2823

forming a semiconductor layer in which an inside face of said depression serves as a crystal growth surface (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 24, as applied to claim 23 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said semiconductor layer forming step includes a step in which said semiconductor layer crystal grows in a vertical direction from said inside face of said depression (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 25, as applied to claim 17 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said semiconductor layer forming step is the step of forming a layer which comprises Group III nitride-based compound semiconductor (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 26, as applied to claim 18 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said semiconductor layer forming step is the step of forming a layer which comprises Group III nitride-based compound semiconductor (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 27, as applied to claim 25 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said Group III nitride-based compound semiconductor layer is grown by a metal organic vapor epitaxy method (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 28, as applied to claim 26 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said Group III nitride-based compound semiconductor layer is grown by a metal organic vapor epitaxy method (see Figs. 4A – 4D; Col. 4, line 1 – Col. 6, line 33).

Re claim 29, as applied to claim 18 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said substrate preparing step is the step of preparing a sapphire substrate on which surface is formed a Group III nitride-based compound semiconductor layer; and wherein said depression forming step is the step of forming said depression in a surface of said Group III nitride-based compound semiconductor layer (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 44, Tsuda et al. disclose a method for the manufacture of a semiconductor substrate including: a step of preparing a substrate (400) for crystal growth; a step of depositing on said crystal growth substrate a first semiconductor layer (402) having a hexagonal crystal structure; a step of exposing either a plane having a plane orientation of  $(1, -1, 0, n)$  where said number  $n$  is an arbitrary number, or its equivalent plane by subjecting a part of said first semiconductor layer to an etching process; and after said exposing step, a step of depositing on said first semiconductor layer a second semiconductor layer having a hexagonal crystal structure, whereby said plane is covered with semiconductor layer (405) (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 45, as applied to claim 44 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the limitations including a step of applying onto said first semiconductor layer a resist pattern having an opening whose figure is either substantially an equilateral triangle, or substantially an equilateral hexagon when viewed from the substrate normal; and a step of forming a depression by subjecting said first semiconductor layer to an etching process in which said resist pattern is used as a mask so that said depression has an inside face comprising either a plane having a plane

Art Unit: 2823

orientation of  $(1, -1, 0, n)$  where said number  $n$  is an arbitrary number, or its equivalent plane (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 46, as applied to claim 45 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the limitations including the limitation wherein said resist pattern has a plurality of said openings arrayed at equal intervals (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 47, as applied to claim 44 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the limitations including a step of applying onto said first semiconductor layer a resist pattern whose figure is either substantially an equilateral triangle, or substantially an equilateral hexagon when viewed from the substrate normal; and a step of forming a projection by subjecting said first semiconductor layer to an etching process in which said resist pattern is used as a mask so that said projection has a side face comprising either a plane having a plane orientation of  $(1, -1, 0, n)$  where said number  $n$  is an arbitrary number or its equivalent plane (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 48, as applied to claim 47 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the limitations including the limitation wherein said resist pattern comprises a plurality of said resist patterns arrayed at equal intervals (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 49, Tsuda et al. disclose a method for the manufacture of a semiconductor substrate comprising: a step of forming a substrate (i.e. sapphire substrate) (400) in which a surface (i.e. GaN) therefore is formed a depression (403) having triangle or hexagonal figure (see Fig. 9D) when viewed from the substrate normal; a step of forming on said surface of said substrate a semiconductor layer having a hexagonal crystal structure, whereby said structure is filled by said semiconductor layer (405); and a step of taking out said semiconductor layer by



Art Unit: 2823

removal of said substrate, wherein said depression forming step is performed such that an inside face of said depression is defined by either a plane having a plane orientation of  $(1, -1, 0, n)$  wherein said number  $n$  is an arbitrary number other than 0, or its equivalent plane (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 50, as applied to claim 49 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said depression has an inside face defined by either a plane having a plane orientation of  $(1, -1, 0, 1)$  or its equivalent plane (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 51, as applied to claim 18 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said depression has, in said major surface of said substrate defined by a  $(0, 0, 0, 1)$  plane, a bottom face whose figure is either an equilateral triangle or an equilateral hexagon (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 52, Tsuda et al. disclose a method for the manufacture of a semiconductor substrate comprising: a step of forming a substrate having on a surface thereof a triangle or hexagonal projection; a step of forming on said surface of said substrate a semiconductor layer having a hexagonal crystal structure, whereby said projection is capped with said semiconductor layer; and a step of taking out said semiconductor layer by removal of said substrate, wherein said depression forming step is performed such that an inside face of said depression is defined by either a plane having a plane orientation of  $(1, -1, 0, n)$  wherein said number  $n$  is an arbitrary number other than 0, or its equivalent plane (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 53, as applied to claim 52 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said projection has a side face defined by either a



Art Unit: 2823

plane having a plane orientation of (1, -1, 0, 1) or its equivalent plane (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 54, as applied to claim 52 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said projection has, in said major surface of said substrate defined by a (0, 0, 0, 1) plane, a bottom face whose figure is either an equilateral triangle or an equilateral hexagon (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 55, as applied to claim 49 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said semiconductor layer forming step is the step of forming a layer of Group III nitride-based compound semiconductor (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 56, as applied to claim 52 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said semiconductor layer forming step is the step of forming a layer of Group III nitride-based compound semiconductor (see Figs. 4A – 4D; Col. 4, line 1 – Col. 6, line 33).

Re claim 57, as applied to claim 57 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation wherein said Group III nitride-based compound semiconductor layer is grown by hydride vapor phase epitaxy (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 58, as applied to claim 56 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation, wherein said Group III nitride-based compound semiconductor layer is grown by hydride vapor phase epitaxy (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Art Unit: 2823

Re claim 59, as applied to claim 49 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation said substrate forming step including: a step of preparing a sapphire substrate; and a step of forming on said sapphire substrate a Group III nitride-based compound semiconductor layer having said depression in a surface thereof (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

Re claim 60, as applied to claim 52 above, Tsuda et al. disclose all the claimed limitations including the limitation said substrate forming step including: a step of preparing a sapphire substrate; and a step of forming on said sapphire substrate a Group III nitride-based compound semiconductor layer having said projection on a surface thereof (see Figs. 9C-9E; Col. 19, line 42 – Col. 20, line 52).

#### ***Response to Arguments***

4. Applicants' arguments filed on March 14, 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants argued that "Tsuda et al. fail to tech expressly or inherently suggest each and every claim limitations set forth in independent claims 17, 18, 44, 49 and 52 . . . Tsuda des not disclose a substrate surface which a surface there formed a depression having a triangle or hexagonal figure when viewed from the substrate normal. Rather, when viewed form the substrate normal, the depression 403 of the semiconductor structure shown in Tsuda Fig. 9D have a rectangular figure . . . Tsuda also fails to disclose the step of forming on the surface of the substrate a semiconductor layer having a hexagonal crystal structure, whereby the depression is filled by the semiconductor layer . . ."

Art Unit: 2823

In response to the applicant's argument, the Examiner respectfully submits that such an argument is not commensurate with the scope of the claims, in particularly, as stated above. Office personnel are to give claims their broadest reasonable interpretation in light of the supporting disclosure. See *In re Morris*, 127 F.3d 1048, 1054-55, 44 USPQ2d 1023, 1027-28 (Fed. Cir. 1997). Limitations appearing in the specification but not recited in the claim are not read into the claim. See *In re Prater*, 415 F.2d 1393, 1404-05, 162 USPQ 541, 550-551 (CCPA 1969). See also *In re Zletz*, 893 F.2d 319, 321-22, 13 USPQ2d 1320, 1322 (Fed. Cir. 1989). The Examiner respectfully submits that Tsuda et al. '546 disclose all the claim limitation as applied herein above. For example Tsuda et al. '546 disclose growing a semiconductor layer (i.e., GaN) on (1 -1 0 1) facets. As well-known by ordinary skill in the art this orientation typical hexagonal structure (see Col. 19, lines 44-55. Therefore, applicants contention that "Tsuda also fails to disclose the step of forming on the surface of the substrate a semiconductor layer having a hexagonal crystal structure, whereby the depression is filled by the semiconductor layer" has no merit.

With respect to applicants argument that "Tsuda does not disclose a substrate surface which a surface there formed a depression having a triangle or hexagonal figure when viewed from the substrate normal," the Examiner respectfully submits that this argument is not persuasive because by looking the drawings by necked eye form top to bottom one cannot justify that Tsuda et al. '456 substrate surface depression is rectangular rather triangular or hexagonal because if the same observation can be made one can also made the same conclusion for applicants own drawing of Fig. 16A since one can see only the bottom surface of depression 104 which is rectangular. It is also known in the art that GaN epitaxial growth based on the lattice

parameter and energy gap of the correspondent substrate. Hence, without substrate the surface depression (i.e., recess) being hexagonal figure, growth of GaN on (1 -1 0 1) facets as disclosed by Tsuda et al. '456 would have not been possible and, therefore, applicants contention that "Tsuda et al. fail to tech expressly or inherently suggest each and every claim limitations set forth in independent claims 17, 18, 44, 49 and 52" is not persuasive. Therefore, the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) is deemed proper.

***Conclusion***

5. **THIS ACTION IS MADE NON-FINAL.**

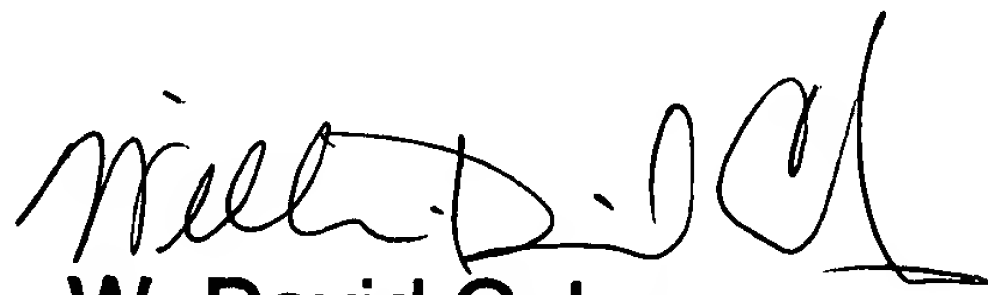
***Correspondence***

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brook Kebede whose telephone number is (703) 306-4511. The examiner can normally be reached on 8-5 Monday to Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Olik Chaudhuri can be reached on (703) 306-2794. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7722 for regular communications and (703) 308-7722 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

Brook Kebede  
*BK*  
May 30, 2003

  
**W. David Coleman**  
**Primary Examiner**  
**Tech Center 2800**